Operational Services

4:10 Fiscal and Business Management

The Superintendent is responsible for the School District's fiscal and business management. This responsibility includes annually preparing and presenting the District's statement of affairs to the School Board and publishing it before December 1 as required by State law.

The Superintendent shall ensure the efficient and cost-effective operation of the District's business management using computers, computer software, data management, communication systems, and electronic networks, including electronic mail, the Internet, and security systems.

Budget Planning

The District's fiscal year is from July 1 until June 30. The Superintendent shall present to the School Board, a tentative budget with appropriate explanation. This budget shall represent the culmination of an ongoing process of planning for the fiscal support needed for the District's educational program. The District's budget shall be entered upon the Illinois State Board of Education's "School District Budget Form." To the extent possible, the tentative budget shall be balanced as defined by the State Board of Education guidelines. The Superintendent shall complete a tentative deficit reduction plan if one is required by the State Board of Education guidelines.

Preliminary Adoption Procedures

After receiving the Superintendent's proposed budget, the School Board sets the date, place, and time for:

- 1. A public hearing on the proposed budget, and
- 2. The proposed budget to be available to the public for inspection. The School Board Secretary shall arrange to publish a notice in a local newspaper stating the date, place, and time of the proposed budget's availability for public inspection and the public hearing. The proposed budget shall be available for public inspection at least 30 days before the time of the budget hearing.

At the public hearing, the proposed budget shall be reviewed and the public shall be invited to comment, question, or advise the School Board.

Final Adoption Procedures

The School Board adopts a budget before the end of the first quarter of each fiscal year, September 30, or by such alternative procedure as State law may define. To the extent possible, the budget shall be balanced as defined by the State Board of Education; if not balanced, the Board will adopt a deficit reduction plan to balance the District's budget within 3 years according to State Board of Education requirements.

The School Board adopts the budget by roll call vote. The budget resolution shall be incorporated into the meeting's official minutes. School Board members' names voting yea and nay shall be recorded in the minutes.

The Superintendent or designee shall perform each of the following:

1. Post the District's final annual budget, itemized by receipts and expenditures, on the District's Internet website.

Final Adoption Procedures - continued

- 2. Notify parents/guardians that the budget is posted and provide the website's address.
- 3. File a certified copy of the budget resolution and an estimate of revenues by source anticipated to be received in the following fiscal year, certified by the District's Chief Fiscal Officer, with the County Clerk within 30 days of the budget's adoption.
- 4. Make all preparations necessary in order for the Board to timely file its Certificate of Tax Levy, including preparations to comply with the Truth in Taxation Act, and file a Certificate of Tax Levy with the County Clerk on or before the last Tuesday in December. The Certificate lists the amount of property tax money to be provided for the various funds in the budget.
- 5. Submit the annual budget, a deficit reduction plan if one is required by State Board of Education guidelines, and other financial information to the State Board of Education according to its requirements.

Any amendments to the budget or Certificate of Tax Levy shall be made as provided in <u>The School</u> <u>Code</u> and Truth in Taxation Act.

Budget Amendments

The School Board may amend the budget by the same procedure as provided for in the original adoption.

Implementation

The Superintendent or designee shall implement the District's budget and provide the School Board with a monthly financial report that includes all deficit fund balances. The amount budgeted as the expenditure in each fund is the maximum amount that may be expended for that category, except when a transfer of funds is authorized by the School Board.

LEGAL REF.: 35 ILCS 200/18-55 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/10-17, 5/10-22.33, 5/17-1, 5/17-1.2, 5/17-2A, 5/17-3.2, 5/17-11,

5/20-5, and 5/20-8.

CROSS REF.: 4:40 (Incurring Debt), 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks)

ADMIN. PROC.: 6:235-E2 (Exhibit – Authorization for Electronic Network Access)

4:15 Identity Protection

The collection, storage, use, and disclosure of social security numbers by the School District shall be consistent with State and federal laws. The goals for managing the District's collection, storage, use, and disclosure of social security numbers are to:

1. Limit all activities involving social security numbers to those circumstances that are authorized by State or federal law.

<u>Identity Protection – continued</u>

2. Protect each social security number collected or maintained by the District from unauthorized disclosure.

The Superintendent is responsible for ensuring that the District complies with the Identity Protection Act, 5 ILCS 179/. Compliance measures shall include each of the following:

- All employees having access to social security numbers in the course of performing their duties shall be trained to protect the confidentiality of social security numbers. Training should include instructions on the proper handling of information containing social security numbers from the time of collection through the destruction of the information.
- 2. Only employees who are required to use or handle information or documents that contain social security numbers shall have access to such information or documents.
- 3. Social security numbers requested from an individual shall be provided in a manner that makes the social security number easily redacted if the record is required to be released as part of a public records request.
- 4. When collecting a social security number or upon request by an individual, a statement of the purpose(s) for which the District is collecting and using the social security number shall be provided.
- All employees must be advised of this policy's existence and a copy of the policy must be made available to each employee. The policy must also be made available to any member of the public, upon request.

No District employee shall collect, store, use, or disclose an individual's social security number unless specifically authorized by the Superintendent.

LEGAL REF.: 5 ILCS 179/, Identity Protection Act.

CROSS REF: 2:250 (Access to District Public Records), 5:150 (Personnel Records), 7:340

(Student Records)

ADOPTED: 04.30.12

4:30 Revenue and Investments

Revenue

The Superintendent or designee is responsible for making all claims for property tax revenue, State Aid, special State funds for specific programs, federal funds, and categorical grants.

Investments

The Superintendent shall appoint a Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer. The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer shall invest money that is not required for current operations, in accordance with this policy and State law. The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer and Superintendent shall use the standard of prudence when making investment decisions. They shall use the judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, that persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the safety of their capital as well as its probable income.

Investment of Funds

A. Scope

This investment procedure applies to all funds of the District. These funds are accounted for in the District's annual financial report and include all current funds, and any other funds that may be created from time to time. All transactions involving the funds and related activity of any funds shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of this procedure and the canons of the "prudent person rule."

B. Objectives

- Safety of Principal Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of principal in the overall portfolio. To attain this objective only appropriate investment instruments will be purchased and insurance or collateral may be required to ensure the return of principal.
- 2. Liquidity The District's investment portfolio shall be structured in such manner as to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due.
- 3. Return on Investments The investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio and legal restrictions for return on investments.
- 4. Maintaining the Public's Trust The investment officers shall seek to act responsibly as custodians of the public trust and shall avoid any transaction that might impair public confidence in the District, the Board or the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer.

C. Investment Instruments

The District may invest in any type of security allowed by the Public Funds Investment Act of the State of Illinois as may be amended from time to time. The District has chosen to limit its allowable investments to those instruments listed below:

- Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities now or hereafter issued by the United State of America, its agencies and allowable instrumentalities;
- 2. Municipal securities, having no less than a single A rating, and carrying ratings by no less than two NSRRO (Nationally Statistically Recognized Rating Organizations).
- 3. Interest bearing savings accounts, interest bearing certificates of deposit or interest bearing time deposits, or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act;
- 4. Certificates of deposit with federally insured institutions that are collateralized or insured in excess of the limits provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage limit;
- 5. Collateralized repurchase agreements which conform to the requirements stated in paragraph 2(g) or 2(h) of the statutes;

C. Investment Instruments - continued

- 6. Commercial paper meeting the following requirements:
 - a. The corporation must be organized in the United States
 - b. The corporation's assets must exceed \$500,000,000.
 - c. The obligations at the time of purchase must be rated within the two highest classifications by at least two of the four standard rating services (Standard and Poor's, Duff and Phelp's, Moody's and Fitch Investors Service).
 - d. The obligations cannot have a maturity longer than 180 days.
 - e. Not more than 33% of the total investment fund can be invested in commercial paper at any time.
 - f. The total investment in any one corporation cannot exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations.
 - g. The total investment in any one corporation cannot be more than \$20 million.
 - h. The commercial paper must be insured.
- 7. The Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool:
- 8. The Illinois School District Liquid Assets Fund;
- 9. Investments may be made only in those savings banks or savings and loan associations, the shares or investment certificates of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- 10. Investment products that are considered as derivatives are specifically excluded from approved investments.

D. <u>Diversification</u>

It is the policy of the District to diversify its investment portfolio. Investments shall be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting in over concentration in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities. Diversification strategies shall be determined and revised periodically by the Chief Financial Officer. The diversification shall be as follows:

- a. Up to 100% of any combination of C.1, C.3, C.4, and/or C.8.
- b. Up to 100% of C.2 when applicable.
- c. Up to 33% of C.5, C.6, and C.7.

E. Collateralization

- It is the policy of the District to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default.
- 2. Eligible collateral instruments are any investment instruments acceptable under ILCS 235. The collateral must be placed in safekeeping at or before the time the District buys the investments so that it is evident that the purchase of the investment is predicated on the securing of collateral.

E. Collateralization - continued

3. Safekeeping of Collateral

- a. Third party safekeeping is required for all collateral. To accomplish this, the securities can be held at the following locations:
 - 1. A Federal Reserve Bank or its branch office.
 - 2. At another custodial facility in a trust or safekeeping department through book-entry at the Federal Reserve.
 - 3. By an escrow agent of the pledging institution.
 - 4. By the trust department of the issuing bank.
- b. Safekeeping will be documented by a District and Bank approved written agreement that complies with FDIC regulations. This may be in the form of a safekeeping agreement.
- c. Substitution or exchange of securities held in safekeeping for the District can be approved exclusively by either the Chief Financial Officer or Director of Business Services provided the market value of the replacement securities is equal to or greater than the market value of the securities being replaced.

F. Safekeeping of Securities

- 1. Third party safekeeping is required for all securities and commercial paper. To accomplish this, the securities can be held at the following locations:
 - a. A Federal Reserve Bank or its branch office.
 - b. At another custodial facility-generally in a trust or safekeeping department through book-entry at the Federal Reserve unless physical securities are involved.
 - c. In an insured account at a primary reporting dealer
- 2. Safekeeping will be documented by a Board of Education approved written agreement. This may be in the form of a safekeeping agreement, trust agreement, escrow agreement or custody agreement.
- 3. Original certificates of deposits will be held by the originating bank. A safekeeping receipt will be acceptable documentation.

G. Qualified Financial Institutions and Intermediaries

- 1. Depositories Demand Deposits
 - Any financial institution selected by the District shall provide normal banking services, including, but not limited to: checking accounts, wire transfers and safekeeping services.
 - b. The District will not maintain funds in any financial institution that is not a member of the FDIC system. In addition, the District will not maintain funds in any institution not willing nor capable of posting required collateral for funds or purchasing private insurance in excess of FDIC insurable limits.

G. Qualified Financial Institutions and Intermediaries - continued

- c. To qualify as a depository, a financial institution must furnish the District with copies of the latest two statements of condition which it is required to furnish to the Comptroller of Currency as the case may be. While acting as a depository, a financial institution must continue to furnish such statements to the District within 45 days of the end of each quarter.
- d. Fees for banking services shall be mutually agreed to by an authorized representative of the depository bank and the Chief Financial Officer on an annual basis. Fees for services shall be substantiated by a monthly account analysis.
- e. All financial institutions acting as a depository for the District must enter into a "Depository Agreement."
- 2. Banks and Savings and Loans Certificates of Deposit

 Any financial institution selected to be eligible for the District's competitive certificate of deposit purchase program must meet the following requirements.
 - a. Shall provide wire transfer and certificate of deposit safekeeping services.
 - Shall be a member of FDIC system and shall be willing and capable of posting required collateral or private insurance for funds in excess of FDIC insurable limits.
 - c. Shall have met the financial criteria as established in the investment procedures of the District.

Intermediaries

Any financial intermediary selected to be eligible for the District's competitive investment program must meet the following requirements.

- a. Shall provide wire transfer and deposit safekeeping services.
- b. Shall be a member of a recognized U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Self-Regulatory Organization such as the New York Stock Exchange, National Association of Securities Dealers, Municipal Securities Rule Making Board, etc.
- c. Shall provide an annual audit upon request.
- d. Shall have an office of Supervisory Jurisdiction within the State of Illinois and be licensed to conduct business in this State.
- e. Shall be familiar with the Board of Education's policy and accept financial responsibility for any investment not appropriate according to the policy.

H. <u>Management of Program</u>

- 1. The following individuals are authorized to purchase and sell investments, authorize wire transfers, authorize the release of pledged collateral, and to execute any documents required under this procedure:
 - a. Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer
 - b. Director of Business Services

H. Management of Program - continued

These documents include:

- a. Wire Transfer Agreement
- b. Depository Agreement
- c. Safekeeping Agreement
- d. Custody Agreement
- Responsibility for the investment program is hereby delegated to the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer and Director of Business Services, who shall establish a system of internal controls and written operational procedures designed to prevent losses of funds that might arise from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, or imprudent actions by employees of the entity.

Such procedures shall include explicit delegation of authority to persons responsible for investment transactions; check signing, check reconcilement, deposits, bond payments, report preparation and wire transfers. No person may engage in any investment transaction except as provided for under the terms of this policy. The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer shall be responsible for all transactions undertaken and shall establish a system of controls to regulate the activities of subordinates.

- 3. The wording of agreements necessary to fulfill the investment responsibilities is the responsibility of the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer who shall periodically review them for their consistency with District policy and State law and who shall be assisted in this function by the Director of Business Services, District legal counsel and auditors. These agreements include but not limited to:
 - a. Wire Transfer Agreement
 - b. Depository Agreement
 - c. Safekeeping Agreement
 - d. Custody Agreement
- 4. The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer may use financial intermediaries, brokers, and/or financial institutions to solicit bids for securities and certificates of deposit. These intermediaries shall be approved by the Board of Education.

I. Performance

The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer will seek to earn a rate of return appropriate for the type of investments being managed given the portfolio objectives defined in Section B of this document for all funds. In general, the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer will strive to earn an average rate of return equal to or greater than the U.S Treasury Bill rate for a given period of time for the District's average weighted maturity.

Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions.

Indemnification

Investment officers and employees of the District acting in accordance with this Investment Procedure and written operational procedures as have been or may be established and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal liability for an individual security's credit risk or market changes.

Reporting

The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer shall submit to the Board of Education and the Superintendent a monthly investment report which shall include information regarding securities in the portfolio by class or type, book value, income earned, and market values as of the report date. Generally accepted accounting principles shall be used for valuation purposes. The report shall indicate any areas of policy concern and planned revision of investment strategies.

<u>Amendment</u>

This procedure shall be reviewed from time to time by the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer with regards to the procedure's effectiveness in meeting the District's needs for safety, liquidity, rate of return, diversification, and general performance. Any substantive changes will be reported to the Board of Education.

Selection of Depositories, Investment Managers, Dealers, and Brokers

The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer shall establish a list of authorized depositories, investment managers, dealers and brokers based upon the creditworthiness, reputation, minimum capital requirements, qualifications under State law, as well as a long history of dealing with public fund entities. The Board will review and approve the list at least annually.

Each institution designated as a depository shall, while acting as such depository, furnish the District with a copy of all statements of resources and liabilities or all reports of examination that it is required to furnish to the appropriate State or federal agency.

The above eligibility requirements of a bank to receive or hold public deposits do not apply to investments in an interest-bearing savings account, interest-bearing certificate of deposit, or interest-bearing time deposit if: (1) the District initiates the investment at or through a bank located in Illinois, and (2) the invested public funds are at all times fully insured by an agency or instrumentality of the federal government.

The District may consider a financial institution's record and current level of financial commitment to its local community when deciding whether to deposit funds in that financial institution. The District may consider factors including:

- For financial institutions subject to the federal Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, the current and historical ratings that the financial institution has received, to the extent that those ratings are publicly available, under the federal Community Reinvestment Act of 1977;
- 2. Any changes in ownership, management, policies, or practices of the financial institution that may affect the level of the financial institution's commitment to its community;
- 3. The financial impact that the withdrawal or denial of District deposits might have on the financial institution:

Selection of Depositories, Investment Managers, Dealers, and Brokers - continued

- 4. The financial impact to the District as a result of withdrawing public funds or refusing to deposit additional public funds in the financial institution; and
- 5. Any additional burden on the District's resources that might result from ceasing to maintain deposits of public funds at the financial institution under consideration.

Safekeeping and Custody Arrangements

The preferred method for safekeeping is to have securities registered in the District's name and held by a third-party custodian. Safekeeping practices should qualify for the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 3 Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements, Category I, the highest recognized safekeeping procedures.

Controls and Report

The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer shall establish a system of internal controls and written operational procedures to prevent losses arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, or imprudent employee action and provide regular reports of investments to the Board of Education.

Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

The School Board and District officials will avoid any investment transaction or practice that in appearance or fact might impair public confidence. Board members are bound by the Board policy 2:100, *Board Member Conflict of Interest*. No District employee having influence on the District's investment decisions shall:

- 1. Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any investments in which the District is authorized to invest,
- 2. Have any interest, directly or indirectly, in the sellers, sponsors, or managers of those investments, or
- 3. Receive, in any manner, compensation of any kind from any investments in that the agency is authorized to invest.

LEGAL REF.: 30 ILCS 235/1 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/8-7, 5/17-1, and 5/17-11.

CROSS REF.: 2:100 (Board Member Conflict of Interest), 4:10 (Fiscal and Business

Management)

REVISED: 02.22.2016

4:40 Incurring Debt

The Superintendent shall provide early notice to the School Board of the District's need to borrow money. The Superintendent or designee shall prepare all documents and notices necessary for the School Board, at its discretion, to issue State Aid Anticipation Certificates, tax anticipation warrants, working cash fund bonds, bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness. The Superintendent shall notify the State Board of Education before the District issues any form of long-term or short-term debt that will result in outstanding debt that exceeds 75% of the debt limit specified in State law.

LEGAL REF.: 30 ILCS 305/2 and 352/1 et seq.

50 ILCS 420/1 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/17-16, 5/18-18, and 5/19-1 et seq.

CROSS REF.: 4:10 (Fiscal and Business Management)

4:41 Securities Disclosure

All Disclosures pertaining to any bonds, notes, certificates or other obligations issued by the District shall be governed by this policy and the administrative procedures issued under the authority of this policy.

Definitions.

"Disclosure Officer" -- The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer of the District, working under the supervision of the Superintendent.

"MSRB"-- Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"EMMA"—MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access system.

"Undertakings" -- continuing disclosure undertakings under Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Securities and Exchange Commission's statements in enforcement actions.

"Official Statements"-- preliminary and final official statements or offering circulars and any supplements or amendments thereto, disseminated by the District in connection with any bonds, notes, certificates or other obligations.

"Annual Financial Information" -- Annual Financial Information, as required by and defined in the Undertakings to be filed with EMMA.

"EMMA Notice"— any notice of Material Events or Reportable Events, each as defined in the Undertakings, and any other required or voluntary disclosures to EMMA.

"Disclosures" - Official Statements, Annual Financial Information, and EMMA Notices, collectively.

General Principles

- 1. All participants in the disclosure process should be encouraged to raise potential disclosure items at all times in the process.
- 2. The process of revising and updating the Disclosures should not be viewed as a mechanical insertion of current numbers. While it is not anticipated that there will be major changes in the form and content of the Disclosures at the time of each update, the Disclosure Officer should consider whether such changes are necessary or desirable in order to make sure the Disclosure does not make any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary or desirable, in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading at the time of each update.

General Principles - continued

- 3. Whenever the District releases information, whether in written or spoken form, that may reasonably be expected to reach investors, it is said to be "speaking to the market." When speaking to the market, District officials must be sure that the released information does not make any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary or desirable, in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading.
- 4. While care should be taken not to shortcut or eliminate any steps outlined in this Disclosure Policy on an ad hoc basis, the review and maintenance of the Disclosures is a fluid process and recommendations for improvement of these Disclosure Procedures should be solicited and regularly considered.
- The Disclosure Officer is authorized to request and pay for attendance at relevant conferences
 or presentations or annual training sessions conducted by outside counsel, consultants or
 experts in order to ensure a sufficient level of knowledge for the effective administration of this
 Disclosure Policy.

Official Statements. Whenever an Official Statement will be disseminated in connection with the issuance of obligations by the District, the Disclosure Officer will oversee the process of preparing the Official Statement pursuant to the administrative procedures to be issued by the Disclosure Officer consistent with this policy.

Annual Financial Information. The Disclosure Officer will oversee the process of preparing the Annual Financial Information pursuant to the administrative procedures to be issued by the Disclosure Officer consistent with this policy.

EMMA Notices. Whenever the District determines to file an EMMA Notice, or whenever the District decides to make a voluntary filing to EMMA, the Disclosure Officer will oversee the process of preparing the EMMA Notice pursuant to the administrative procedures to be issued by the Disclosure Officer consistent with this policy.

Additional Responsibilities of the Disclosure Officer. The Disclosure Officer, in addition to the specific responsibilities outlined above, shall have general oversight of the entire disclosure process, which shall include:

- 1. Maintaining appropriate records of compliance with this Disclosure Policy (including proofs of EMMA filings) and decisions made with respect to issues that have been raised;
- 2. Evaluating the effectiveness of the procedures contained in this Disclosure Policy; and
- 3. Making recommendations to the Board as to whether revisions or modifications to this Disclosure Policy are appropriate.

ADOPTED: 02.22.2016

4:50 Payment Procedures

The Treasurer shall prepare a list of all due and payable bills, indicating vendor name and amount, and shall present it to the School Board in advance of the Board's first regular monthly meeting. These bills are reviewed by the Board, after which they may be approved for payment by Board order. Approval of all bills shall be given by a roll call vote and the votes shall be recorded in the minutes. The Treasurer shall pay the bills after receiving a Board order or pertinent portions of the Board minutes, even if the minutes are unapproved, provided the order or minutes are signed by the Board President and Secretary, or a majority of the Board.

The Treasurer is authorized, without further Board approval, to pay Social Security taxes, wages, pension contributions, utility bills, and other recurring bills. These disbursements shall be included in the listing of bills presented to the Board.

The Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee to establish revolving funds and a petty cash fund system for school cafeterias, lunchrooms, athletics, or similar purposes, provided such funds are maintained in accordance with Board policy 4:80, *Accounting and Audits*, and remain in the custody of an employee who is properly bonded according to State law. (Amended: January 2011)

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/8-16, 5/10-7, and 5/10-20.19.

23 III.Admin.Code §100.70.

CROSS REF.: 4:55 (Use of Credit and Procurement Cards), 4:60 (Purchases and

Contracts), 4:80 (Accounting and Audits)

4:55 Use of Credit and Procurement Cards

The Superintendent and employees designated by the Superintendent are authorized to use District credit and procurement cards to simplify the acquisition, receipt, and payment of purchases and travel expenses incurred on the District's behalf. Credit and procurement cards shall only be used for those expenses that are for the District's benefit and serve a valid and proper public purpose; they shall not be used for personal purchases. Cardholders are responsible for exercising due care and judgment and for acting in the District's best interests.

The Superintendent or designee shall manage the use of District credit and procurement cards by employees. It is the Board's responsibility, through the audit and approval process, to determine whether District credit and procurement card use by the Superintendent is appropriate. In addition to the other limitations contained in this and other Board policies, District credit and procurement cards are governed by the following restrictions:

- Credit and/or procurement cards may only be used to pay certain job-related expenses or to make purchases on behalf of the Board or District or any student activity fund, or for purposes that would otherwise be addressed through a conventional revolving fund.
- 2. The Superintendent or designee shall instruct the issuing bank to block the cards' use at unapproved merchants.
- 3. Each cardholder will keep the Superintendent and or Chief Financial Officer aware of transactions on an ongoing basis. Purchases that may be unusual or unexpected would have the approval of the Superintendent/Chief Financial Officer.

Use of Credit and Procurement Cards - continued

- 4. Permission shall be withheld for credit card use when the use violates any Board policy, is from a vendor whose reputation has not been verified, or would be more expensive than if another available payment method were used.
- 5. Accounting and monitoring the use of the district credit card will reside with the Business Office. A Requisition Log Entry Form must be completed at the time of the order/purchase. The Requisition Log will be presented to the Board as part of the monthly credit card monitory report, along with official bank card statements.
- 6. The consequences for unauthorized purchases include, but are not limited to, reimbursing the District for the purchase amount, loss of cardholding privileges, and, if made by an employee, discipline up to and including discharge.
- 7. All cardholders must sign a statement affirming that they are familiar with this policy.
- 8. The Superintendent shall implement a process whereby all purchases using a District credit or procurement card are reviewed and approved by someone other than the cardholder or someone under the cardholder's supervision.
- 9. Cardholders must submit the original, itemized receipt to document all purchases.
- 10. No individual may use a District credit or procurement card to make purchases in a manner contrary to State law, including, but not limited to, the bidding and other purchasing requirements in 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21, or any Board policy.
- 11. The Superintendent or designee shall account for any financial or material reward or rebate offered by the company or institution issuing the District credit or procurement card and shall ensure that it is used for the District's benefit.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21.

23 III. Admin. Code §100.70(d).

ADOPTED: 11.21.11

4:60 Purchases and Contracts

The Superintendent shall manage the District's purchases and contracts in accordance with the law, the standards set forth in this policy, and other applicable Board policies.

Standards for Purchasing and Contracting

All purchases and contracts shall be entered into in accordance with Illinois law. The Board Attorney shall be consulted as needed regarding the legal requirements for purchases or contracts. All contracts shall be approved or authorized by the School Board.

All purchases and contracts should support a recognized District function or purpose as well as provide for good quality products and services at the lowest cost, with consideration for service, reliability, and delivery promptness, and in compliance with State law. No purchase or contract shall be made or entered into as a result of favoritism, extravagance, fraud, or corruption.

Adoption of the annual budget authorizes the Superintendent or designee to purchase budgeted supplies, equipment, and services. Purchases of items not included in the budget require prior School Board approval, except in an emergency.

Standards for Purchasing and Contracting - continued

Notwithstanding the above, all contracts and agreements for goods and services that are intended to generate revenue and other remunerations for the District in excess of \$1,000, including without limitation vending machine contracts, sports and other attire, class rings, and photographic services, shall be approved by the School Board.

Concerning these contracts and agreements, the Superintendent or designee shall keep a record of: (1) each vendor, product, or service provided, (2) the actual net revenue and non-monetary remuneration from each contract or agreement, and (3) how the revenue was used and to whom the non-monetary remuneration was distributed.

The Superintendent or designee shall report this information to the Board by completing the necessary forms that must be attached to the District's annual budget.

All contracts for supplies, materials, or work involving an expenditure in excess of \$10,000 shall be made in accordance with the State law bidding procedure, unless specifically exempted.

All contracts for the construction, lease, or purchase of school buildings shall be in compliance with State law and Board policy 4:150, *Facility Management and Building Programs*.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.21.

820 ILCS 130/0.01 et seq.

CROSS REF.: 2:100 (Board Member Conflict of Interest), 4:150 (Facility Management and

Building Programs)

4:70 Resource Conservation

The Superintendent shall manage a program of energy and resource conservation for the District that includes:

- 1. Full utilization of materials prior to disposal.
- 2. Limited use of disposable materials.
- 3. Limited use of non-biodegradable products.
- 4. Participation in recycling programs.
- 5. Adherence to energy conservation measures.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for purchasing recycled paper and paper products in accordance with The School Code.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.19c and 5/17-2.11.

CROSS REF.: 4:150 (Facility Management and Building Programs)

4:80 Accounting and Audits

All reporting formats used for the Annual Financial Report will be consistent with the Illinois Program Accounting Manual, as adopted by the Illinois State Board of Education.

Accounting and Audits - continued

At the close of each fiscal year, the Superintendent shall arrange to have the District books and accounts audited by an independent certified public accountant designated by the School Board in conformance with prescribed standards and legal requirements. A complete and detailed written audit report shall be provided to each School Board member and to the Superintendent.

The Superintendent shall annually, on or before October 15, submit an original and one copy of the Annual Financial Report to the Regional Superintendent of Schools.

Inventories

The Superintendent is responsible for developing and maintaining an inventory of District buildings and capital equipment. The inventory record of equipment shall include such items as a description of each item, the quantity, the location, the date of purchase, and the cost or the estimated replacement cost.

The capitalization threshold for new purchases will be set at \$5,000 and the threshold for capital improvements to property/renovations will be set as \$10,000.

Disposition of District Property

The Superintendent shall notify the Board, as necessary, of any: (1) District personal property no longer needed for school purposes, and (2) school site, building, or other real estate that is unnecessary, unsuitable, or inconvenient, so that the Board may consider its disposition.

Controls for Revolving Funds and Petty Cash

Revolving funds and the petty cash system are established in Board policy 4:50, *Payment Procedures*. The Superintendent shall: (1) designate a custodian for each revolving fund and petty cash fund, (2) obtain a bond for each fund custodian, and (3) maintain the funds in compliance with this policy, State law, and Illinois State Board of Education rules. A check for the petty cash fund may be drawn payable to the designated petty cash custodian. Bank accounts for revolving funds are limited to a maximum balance of \$500.00. All expenditures from these bank accounts must be directly related to the purpose for which the account was established and supported with documentation, including signed invoices or receipts. All deposits into these bank accounts must be accompanied with a clear description of their intended purpose. The Superintendent or designee shall include checks written to reimburse revolving funds on the Board's monthly listing of bills indicating the recipient and including an explanation.

Control Requirements for Checks

The Board must approve all bank accounts opened or established in the District's or a District school's name or with the District's Federal Employer Identification Number. All checks issued by the School District must be signed by either the Treasurer or Board President.

Internal Controls

The Superintendent is primarily responsible for establishing and implementing a system of internal controls for safeguarding the District's financial condition; the Board, however, will oversee these safeguards. The control objectives are to ensure efficient business and financial practices, reliable financial reporting, and compliance with State law and Board policies, and to prevent losses from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, or imprudent employee action.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually audit the District's financial and business operations for compliance with established internal controls and provide the results to the Board. The Board may from time-to-time engage a third-party to audit internal controls in addition to the annual audit.

Section: Operational Services Continued

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.27, 5/2-3.28, 5/3-7, 5/3-15.1, 5/5-22, 5/10-21.4,

5/10-22.8, and /17-1 et seq.;

23 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 110 and 125.

CROSS REF.: 4:10 (Fiscal and Business Management), 4:90 (Student Activity Fund

Management)

ADOPTED:

REVISED: 06.09.2014;

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4:90 Activity Funds

The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for supervising student activity funds and/or convenience accounts in accordance with State law and shall have all of the responsibilities listed in the rules adopted by the Illinois State Board of Education for the maintenance of student activity funds and/or convenience accounts. Each non-student group that has a convenience account shall designate a manager for it.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/8-2 and 5/10-20.19.

23 III.Admin.Code §125.10.

CROSS REF.: 4:80 (Accounting and Audits), 7:325 (Student Fund-Raising Activities)

4:100 Insurance Management

The Superintendent shall annually recommend an insurance program that provides the broadest and most complete coverage available at the most economical cost, consistent with sound insurance principles.

The insurance program shall include:

- 1. Liability coverage to ensure against any loss or liability of the School District, School Board members, employees, volunteer personnel authorized in 105 ILCS 5/10-22.34, 5/10-22.34a, and 5/10-22.34b, and student teachers by reason of civil rights damage claims and suits, constitutional rights damage claims and suits, and death and bodily injury and property damage claims and suits, including defense costs, when damages are sought for negligent or wrongful acts allegedly committed during the scope of employment or under the direction of the School Board.
- 2. Comprehensive property insurance covering a broad range of causes of loss involving building and personal property. The coverage amount shall normally be for the replacement cost or the insurable value.
- 3. Workers' Compensation to protect individual employees against financial loss in case of a work-related injury, certain types of disease, or death incurred in an employee-related situation.

LEAL REF.: Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, P. L. 99-272, ¶ 1001,

100 Stat. 222, 4980B(f) of the I.R.S. Code, 42 U.S.C. §300bb-1 <u>et seq.</u> 105 ILCS 5/10-22.3, 5/10-22.3a, 5/10-22.3b, 5/10-22.3f, 5/10-22.34, 5/10-22.34a, and 5/10-22.34b.

215 ILCS 5/1 <u>et seq.</u> 820 ILCS 305/1.

4:110 Transportation

The District shall provide free transportation for any student in the District who resides: (1) at a distance of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) miles or more from his or her assigned school, unless the School Board has certified to the Illinois State Board of Education that adequate public transportation is available, or (2) within one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) miles from his or her assigned school where walking to school or to a pick-up point or bus stop would constitute a serious hazard due to vehicular traffic or rail crossing, and adequate public transportation is not available or (3) pupils within the one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) mile limit may be granted permission to ride buses using regularly established routes provided space is available after accommodating students residing more than one and one-half miles from school.

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may file a petition with the School Board requesting transportation due to the existence of a serious safety hazard. Free transportation service and vehicle adaptation is provided for a special education student if included in the student's individualized educational program. Non-public school students shall be transported in accordance with State law. Homeless students shall be transported in accordance with the McKinney Homeless Assistance Act.

Bus schedules and routes shall be determined by the Superintendent or designee and shall be altered only with the Superintendent or designee's approval and direction. In fixing the routes, the pick-up and discharge points should be as safe and convenient for students as possible.

No school employee may transport students in school or private vehicles unless authorized by the administration.

Every vehicle regularly used for the transportation of students must pass safety inspections in accordance with State law and Illinois Department of Transportation regulations. The strobe light on a school bus may be illuminated any time a bus is bearing one or more students. The Superintendent shall implement procedures in accordance with State law for accepting comment calls about school bus driving.

All contracts for charter bus services must contain the clause prescribed by State law regarding criminal background checks for bus drivers.

Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Vehicle Inspection

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a pre-trip and post-trip inspection procedure to ensure that the school bus driver: (1) tests the two-way radio and ensures that it is functioning properly before the bus is operated, and (2) walks to the rear of the bus before leaving the bus at the end of each route, work shift, or work day, to check the bus for children or other passengers in the bus.

LEGAL REF.: McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. §11431 et seq.

105 ILCS 5/10-22.22 and 5/29-1 et seq.

105 ILCS 45/1-15.

625 ILCS 5/1-148.3a-5, 5/1-182, 5/11-1414.1, 5/12-815, 5/12-816, 5/12-

821, and 5/13-109.

23 III.Admin.Code §§1.510 and 226.935.

92 III.Admin.Code §440-3.

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development), 5:120 (Ethics), 5:280 (Educational Support

Personnel - Duties and Qualifications), 6:140 (Education of Homeless

Children), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

ADMIN. PROC.: 4:110-AP2 (Pre-Trip and Post-Trip Inspection; Bus Driving Comments),

6:140-AP (Education of Homeless Children)

4:120 Food Services

Good nutrition shall be promoted in the District's meal programs and in other food and beverages that are sold to students during the school day. The Superintendent shall manage a food service program that complies with this policy and is in alignment with School Board policy <u>6:50</u>, *School Wellness*. Food or beverage items sold to students as part of a reimbursable meal under the School Breakfast Program or the National School Lunch Program must consist of nutritious, well-balanced, and age-appropriate meals that reflect food and nutrition requirements specified by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. The type and amounts of food and beverages sold to students before school and during the regular school day in any school that participates in the School Breakfast Program or the National School Lunch Program shall comply with any applicable mandates in the Illinois State Board of Education's School Food Service rule and the federal rules implementing the National School Lunch Act and Child Nutrition Act.

The food service program shall restrict the sale of foods of minimal nutritional value as defined by the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture in the food service areas during meal periods. All revenue from the sale of any food or beverages sold in competition with the School Breakfast Program or National School Lunch Program to students in food service areas during the meal period shall accrue to the nonprofit school lunch program account.

LEGAL REF.: B. Russell National School Lunch Act, <u>42 U.S.C.</u> §1751 et seq.; Child Nutrition Act of 1966, <u>42 U.S.C.</u> §1771 et seq.; <u>7 C.F.R. Parts 210 and 220</u>, Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs; <u>105 ILCS 125/23</u> Ill.Admin.Code Part 305; School Food Service.

CROSS REF.: 4:130 (Free and Reduced-Price Food Service; 6:50 (School Wellness)

4:130 Free and Reduced-Price Food Services

Notice

The Superintendent shall be responsible for implementing the District's free and reduced-price food services policy.

Free and Reduced-Price Food Services - continued

Eligibility Criteria and Selection of Children

A student's eligibility for free and reduced-price food services shall be determined by the income eligibility guidelines, family-size income standards, set annually by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and distributed by the Illinois State Board of Education.

Notification

At the beginning of each school year, by letter, the District shall notify students and their parents/guardians of: (1) eligibility requirements for free and reduced-price food service, (2) the application process, and (3) other information required by federal law.

The Superintendent shall provide the same information to informational media, the local unemployment office, and any major area employers contemplating layoffs and the District Website (if applicable), school newsletters, or students' registration materials Parents/guardians enrolling a child in the District for the first time, any time during the school year, shall receive the eligibility information.

Nondiscrimination Assurance

The District shall avoid publicly identifying students receiving free or reduced-price meals and shall use methods for collecting meal payments that prevent identification of children receiving assistance.

<u>Appeal</u>

A family may appeal the District's decision to deny an application for free and reduced-price food services or to terminate such services as outlined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture in 7 C.F.R. §245.7, Determining Eligibility for Free and Reduced-Price Meals and Free Milk in Schools. The Superintendent shall establish a hearing procedure for adverse eligibility decisions and provide by mail a copy of them to the family. The District may also use these procedures to challenge a child's continued eligibility for free or reduced-price meals or milk.

During an appeal, students previously receiving food service benefits shall not have their benefits terminated. Students who were denied benefits shall not receive benefits during the appeal.

The Superintendent shall keep on file for a period of 3 years a record of any appeals made and the hearing record. The District shall also maintain accurate and complete records showing the data and method used to determine the number of eligible students served free and reduced-price food services. These records shall be maintained for 3 years.

LEGAL REF.:

U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, National School Lunch Program, 7 C.F.R. Part 210.U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Determining Eligibility for Free and Reduced-Price Meals and Free Milk in Schools, 7 C.F.R. Part 245. 105 ILCS 125/0.01 et seq. and 126/1 et seq. 23 III.Admin.Code §305.10 et seq.

4:140 Waiver of Student Fees

The Superintendent will recommend to the School Board a schedule of fees, if any, to be charged students for the use of textbooks, consumable materials, extracurricular activities, and other school student fees. Students must also pay for the loss of or damage to school books or other school-owned materials.

Fees for textbooks, other instructional materials, and driver education are waived for students who meet the eligibility criteria for a fee waiver as described in this policy. In order that no student is denied educational services or academic credit due to the inability of parents/guardians to pay student fees, the Superintendent will recommend to the Board which additional fees, if any, the District will waive for students who meet the eligibility criteria for fee waiver. Students receiving a fee waiver are not exempt from charges for lost and damaged books, locks, materials, supplies, and equipment.

Notification

The Superintendent shall ensure that applications for fee waivers are widely available and distributed according to State law and ISBE rule and that provisions for assisting parents/guardians in completing the application are available.

Eligibility Criteria

A student shall be eligible for a fee waiver when the student currently lives in a household that meets the same income guidelines, with the same limits based on household size, that are used for the federal free meals program.

The Superintendent or designee will give additional consideration where one or more of the following factors are present:

- Illness in the family;
- Unusual expenses such as fire, flood, storm damage, etc.;
- Unemployment;
- Emergency situations;
- When one or more of the parents/guardians are involved in a work stoppage.

Verification

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a process for determining a student's eligibility for a waiver of fees in accordance with State law requirements. The Superintendent or designee may require family income verification at the time an individual applies for a fee waiver and anytime thereafter but not more often than once every 60 calendar days. The Superintendent or designee shall not use any information from this or any independent verification process to determine free or reduced-price meal eligibility.

If a student receiving a fee waiver is found to be no longer eligible during the school year, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian and charge the student a prorated amount based upon the number of school days remaining in the school year.

Determination and Appeal

Within 30 calendar days after the receipt of a waiver request, the Superintendent or designee shall mail a notice to the parent/guardian whenever a waiver request is denied. The denial notice shall include: (1) the reason for the denial, (2) the process and timelines for making an appeal, and (3) a statement that the parent/guardian may reapply for a waiver any time during the school year if circumstances change. If the denial is appealed, the District shall follow the procedures for the resolution of appeals as provided in the Illinois State Board of Education rule on waiver of fees.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.13, 5/10-22.25, 5/27-24.2, and 5/28-19.2.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.245 [may contain unenforceable provisions].

CROSS REF.: 4:130 (Free and Reduced-Price Food Services), 6:220 (Bring Your Own

Technology (BYOT) Program; Responsible Use and Conduct)

REVISED: 02.22.2016

4:150 Facility Management and Building Programs

The Superintendent shall manage the District's facilities and grounds as well as facility construction and building programs in accordance the law, the standards set forth in this policy, and other applicable Board policies. The Superintendent or designee shall cooperate with and facilitate:

(1) inspections of schools by the Regional Superintendent and State Fire Marshal or designee, and (2) review of plans and specifications for future construction or alterations of a school if requested by the relevant municipality, county (if applicable), or fire protection district.

Standards for Managing Buildings and Grounds

All District buildings and grounds shall be adequately maintained in order to provide an appropriate, safe, and energy efficient physical environment for learning and teaching. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board with periodic reports on maintenance data and projected maintenance needs that include cost analysis. Prior School Board approval is needed for all renovations or permanent alterations to buildings or grounds when the total cost will exceed \$10,000, including the cost equivalent of staff time. This policy is not intended to discourage efforts to improve the appearance of buildings or grounds that are consistent with the designated use of those buildings and grounds.

Standards for Facility Construction and Building Programs

As appropriate, the School Board will authorize the production of a comprehensive study to determine the need for facility construction and expansion. On an annual basis, the Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board with projected facility needs, enrollment trends, and other data impacting facility use. School Board approval is needed for all new facility construction and expansion.

When making decisions pertaining to design and construction of school facilities, the School Board will confer with members of the staff and community, the Illinois State Board of Education, and educational and architectural consultants, as it deems appropriate. The Board's facility goals are to:

- 1. Integrate facilities planning with other aspects of planning and goal-setting.
- 2. Base educational specifications for school buildings on identifiable student needs.
- 3. Design buildings for sufficient flexibility to permit new or modified programs.
- 4. Design buildings for maximum potential for community use.
- 5. Meet or exceed all safety requirements.
- 6. Meet requirements on the accessibility of school facilities to disabled persons as specified in State or federal law.

Standards for Facility Construction and Building Programs - continued

Provide for low maintenance costs and energy efficiency.

Memorials

The Board is proud and appreciative of its students, employees and others who serve the School District. It desires to make appropriate recognition for outstanding achievement and long, faithful service. Recognition may take any of several forms.

However, the Board does not intend to approve the naming of any buildings (or part thereof) or grounds for an individual.

Memorials generally should take the form of Certificates of Recognition, Scholarships, Plaques, Portraits or other approved appropriate forms.

ADOPTED:

REVISED: 01.31.2011; 06.09.2014;

4:160 Hazardous and Infectious Materials

The Superintendent shall take all reasonable measures to protect: (1) the safety of District personnel, students, and visitors on District premises from risks associated with hazardous materials and (2) the environmental quality of the District's buildings and grounds. Before pesticides are used on District premises, the Superintendent or designee shall notify employees and parents/guardians of students as required by the Structural Pest Control Act, <u>225 ILCS 235/</u>, and the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act, 415 ILCS 65/.

LEGAL REF.:

29 C.F.R. Part 1910.1030, as adopted by the Illinois Department of Labor, 56 Ill.Admin.Code §350.300(c); 20 ILCS 3130/, Green Buildings Act; 105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a; 5/10-20.46; 135/; and 140/, Green Cleaning School Act; 225 ILCS 235/, Structural Pest Control Act; 415 ILCS 65/, Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act; 820 ILCS 255/, Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.330, Hazardous Materials Training; 56 Ill.Admin.Code Part 205, Toxic Substances Disclosure To Employees

4:170 Safety

Safety Program

The safety and health of our employees and students are the primary considerations in the operation of our school. The School Board is committed to providing a safe and healthful environment in all school buildings and operations. The District is committed to reviewing and adopting "best practices" in safety management and crisis planning to protect the well being of all people.

The School District shall have a safety program promoting the safety of everyone on District property or at a District event. In order that the Board can monitor this goal's achievement, the Superintendent shall make regular reports to the Board containing relevant information.

Safety - continued

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a comprehensive safety and crisis plan incorporating both avoidance and management guidelines. The comprehensive safety and crisis plan shall specifically include provisions for: injury prevention; bomb threats, weapons, and explosives on campus; school safety drill program, tornado protection; instruction in safe bus riding practices, emergency aid; post-crisis management; and responding to medical emergencies at an indoor physical fitness facility. During each academic year, each school building must conduct a minimum of:

- 1. Three school evacuation drills.
- 2. One bus evacuation drill, and
- 3. One severe weather and shelter-in-place drill.
- 4. One law enforcement drill.

In the event of an emergency that threatens the safety of any person or property, students and staff are encouraged to use any available cellular telephone. A school bus driver is prohibited from operating a school bus while using a cellular telephone, except: (1) during an emergency situation, (2) to call for assistance if there is a mechanical problem, (3) where a cellular telephone is owned by the School District and used as a digital two-way radio, and (4) when the school bus is parked.

Convicted Child Sex Offender and Notification Laws

State law prohibits a child sex offender from being present on school property or loitering within 500 feet of school property when persons under the age of 18 are present, unless the offender is:

- 1. A parent/guardian of a student attending the school and the parent/guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child
- 2. review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the Building Principal of his or her presence at the school, or
- 3. Has permission to be present from the School Board, Superintendent or Superintendent's designee. If permission is granted, the Superintendent or Board President shall provide the details of the offender's upcoming visit to the Building Principal.

In all cases, the Superintendent, or designee who is a certified employee, shall supervise a child sex offender whenever the offender is in a child's vicinity.

If a student is a sex offender, the Superintendent or designee shall develop guidelines for managing his or her presence in school.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for the distribution and use of information from law enforcement officials under the Sex Offender and Child Murderer Community Notification Law. The Superintendent or designee shall serve as the District contact person for purposes of this law. Non-staff members, as well as staff members who are not designated as information recipients, shall be referred to the law enforcement agencies for information regarding child sex offenders.

Convicted Child Sex Offender and Notification Laws - continued

All contracts with the School District that may involve an employee or agent of the contractor having any contact, direct or indirect, with a student, shall contain the following:

The contractor shall not send to any school building or school property any employee or agent who would be prohibited from being employed by the District due to a conviction of a crime listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9.

The contractor shall obtain a criminal history background check before sending any employee or agent to any school building or school property. Additionally, at least quarterly, the contractor shall contact the local law enforcement authority where each employee or agent resides to determine if the employee is on the list of registered felons who have committed child sex offenses.

Unsafe School Choice Option

The unsafe school choice option allows students to transfer to another District school or to a public charter school within the District. The unsafe school choice option is available to:

- 1. All students attending a persistently dangerous school, as defined by State law and identified by the Illinois State Board of Education.
- 2. Any student who is a victim of a violent criminal offense, as defined by 725 ILCS 120/3, that occurred on school grounds during regular school hours or during a school-sponsored event.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement the unsafe school choice option.

Student Insurance

The School Board shall annually designate a company to offer student accident insurance coverage. The Board does not endorse the plan nor recommend that parents/guardians secure the coverage and any contract is between the parents/guardians and the company. Students participating in athletics, cheerleading, or pompons must have school accident insurance unless the parents/guardians state in writing that the student is covered under a family health insurance plan.

Emergency Closing

The Superintendent is authorized to close the schools in the event of hazardous weather or other emergencies that threaten the safety of students, staff members, or school property.

LEGAL REF.: School Safety Drill Act, P.A. 94-600.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.28, 5/10-21.3a, and 5/10-21.9.

210 ILCS 74.

625 ILCS 5/12-813.1. 730 ILCS 152/101 <u>et seq</u>.

4:170a – Movable Soccer Goals

The District recognizes that unanchored or improperly anchored movable soccer goals tipping over present a serious threat to the safety of individuals.

4:171 Concussions and Head Injuries

For the purposes of this policy, appropriate health care professionals are physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois and certified athletic trainers.

The District shall follow the protocols, policies, and by-laws of the Illinois High School Association ("IHSA") relating to concussion and head injuries.

The District shall include the information in this policy in any agreement, contract, code or other written document that is required to be signed by a student athlete and/or the guardian of a student athlete before the student is allowed to participate in practice or interscholastic competition.

Athletes and guardians of athletes shall annually review, sign and return to the District a concussion and head injury information sheet published by the IHSA prior to participating in practice or competition

The District shall educate, with the educational materials provided by the IHSA, coaches, athletes, and guardians of athletes about the nature and risks of concussions and head injuries.

Athletes are encouraged to notify a coach if they exhibit signs or symptoms of a concussion or head injury or notice a fellow athlete exhibiting signs or symptoms of a concussion or head injury. Coaches shall observe athletes for signs or symptoms of a concussion or head injury. Any athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion (such as loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion or balance problems) shall be immediately removed from the contest and shall not return to play until cleared by an appropriate health care professional.

Behaviors or signs indicative of a possible concussion include: loss of consciousness, appears dazed, stunned, or confused appearance; forgets plays, unsure of game, score, or opponent; moves clumsily; answers questions slowly; shows behavior or personality changes; can't recall events prior to or after the injury. Self-reported symptoms indicative of a possible concussion include: headache; nausea; balance problems or dizziness; double or fuzzy vision; sensitivity to light or noise; feeling sluggish; feeling foggy or groggy; concentration or memory problems; and confusion.

Consistent with the policies and procedures of the IHSA, District staff and employees shall comply with the following the procedure during all athletic competitions, contests, and practices:

- 1. Coaches shall have a school-approved health care provider examine any player who is apparently injured, or identified as apparently injured by an official, during a competition, contest, or practice.
- 2. During a competition or contest, if it is confirmed by the school's approved health professional that the student did not sustain a concussion, the head coach may advise the official during an appropriate stoppage of play and the athlete may re-enter the competition pursuant to contest rules.

Concussions and Head Injuries - continued

During practices, a coach may permit an athlete to return to practice if it is confirmed by the school's approved health profession that the student did not sustain a concussion.

3. If an athlete cannot be cleared to return to play by a school- approved health care professional, the athlete may not be returned to competition or practice that day and is then subject to the Illinois High School Association's Return to Play Policy before the athlete can return to practice or competition.

The Illinois High School Association's Return to Play Policy states as follows: In cases where an athlete is not cleared to return to play the same day as he/she is removed from a contest following a possible head injury (i.e., concussion), the athlete shall not return to play or practice until the athlete is evaluated by and has received written clearance from a licensed health care provider to return to play.

To help prevent injuries associated with this, the District shall follow guidelines by the Department of Public Health when published and take the following steps:

- 1. District staff shall check to make sure that movable soccer goals are securely anchored and/or counter-weighted before use. Goals shall not be used if there are missing or broken anchors or fasteners. Missing and broken anchors or fasteners shall be promptly repaired.
- 2. Movable soccer goals shall only be used on level playing surfaces.
- 3. Students shall be informed of the potential dangers of movable soccer goals tipping over and shall be instructed not to climb on the nets or goal framework.
- 4. When not in use, nets shall be removed and goals shall be anchored or chained to another goal, to a fixed structure, or securely stored in a place inaccessible to children.

LEGAL REF.: Public Act 97-234

ADOPTED: 09.26.2011